Strathcona TSA Future Forest Estate Strategy





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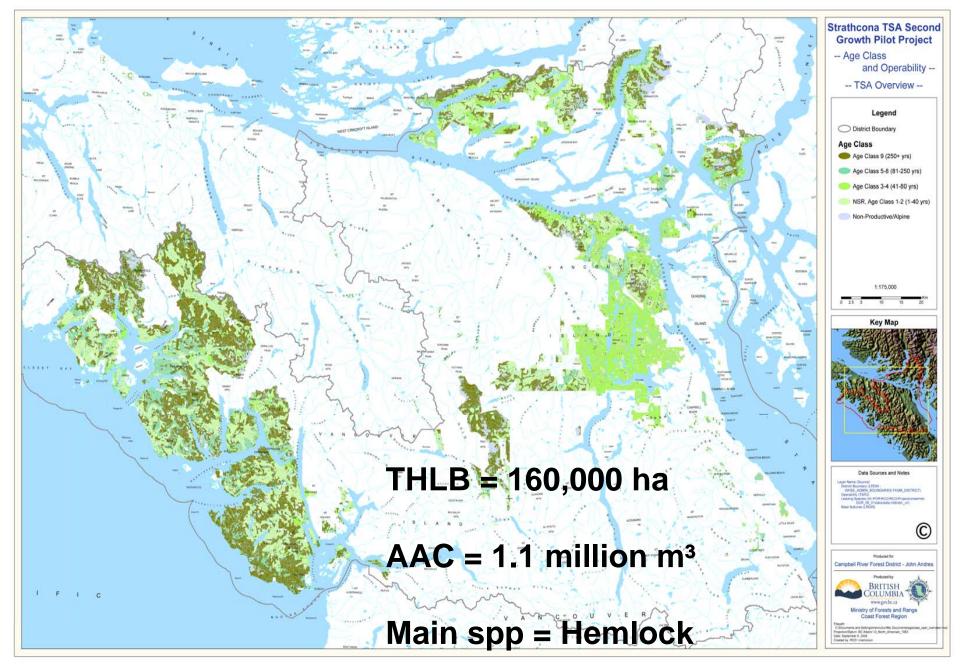
Three phases:

1. What Options to Increase Short-term 2nd Growth Harvest?

2. What Types of Forests & Trees Should We Grow in this TSA?

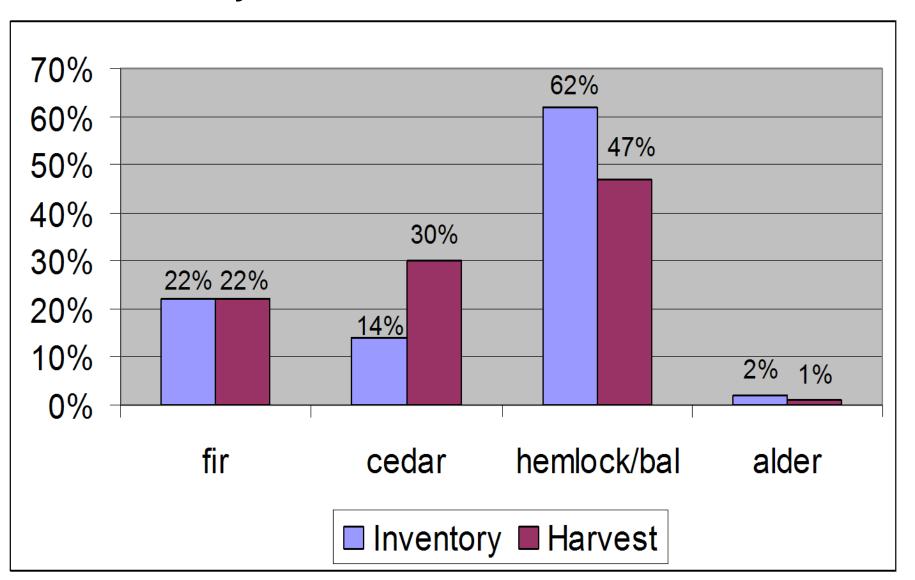
3. Developing a Future Vision (Optional)

Strathcona TSA



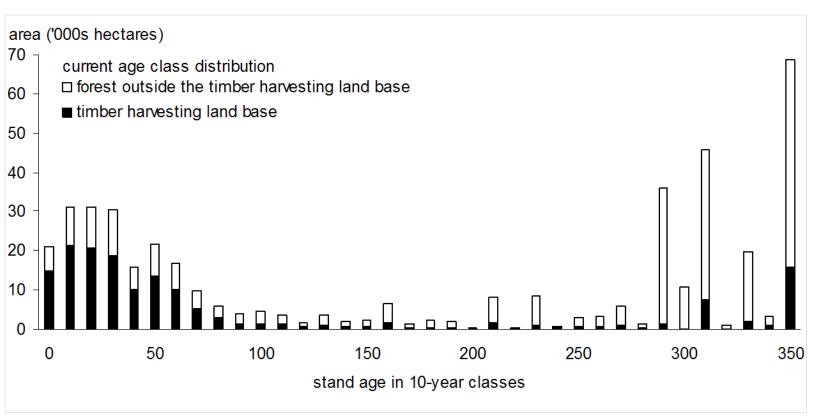
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Inventory Profile vs 1999-2008 Harvest Profile



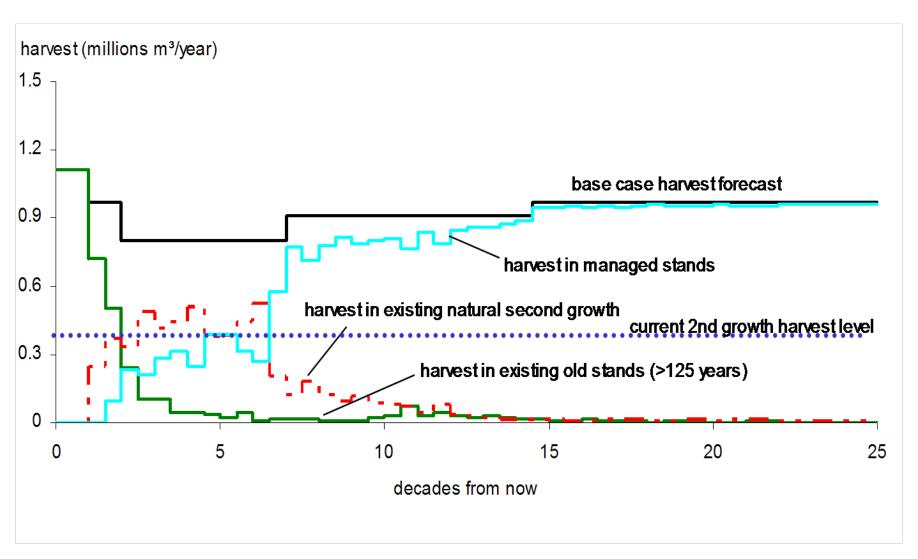
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Age Classes



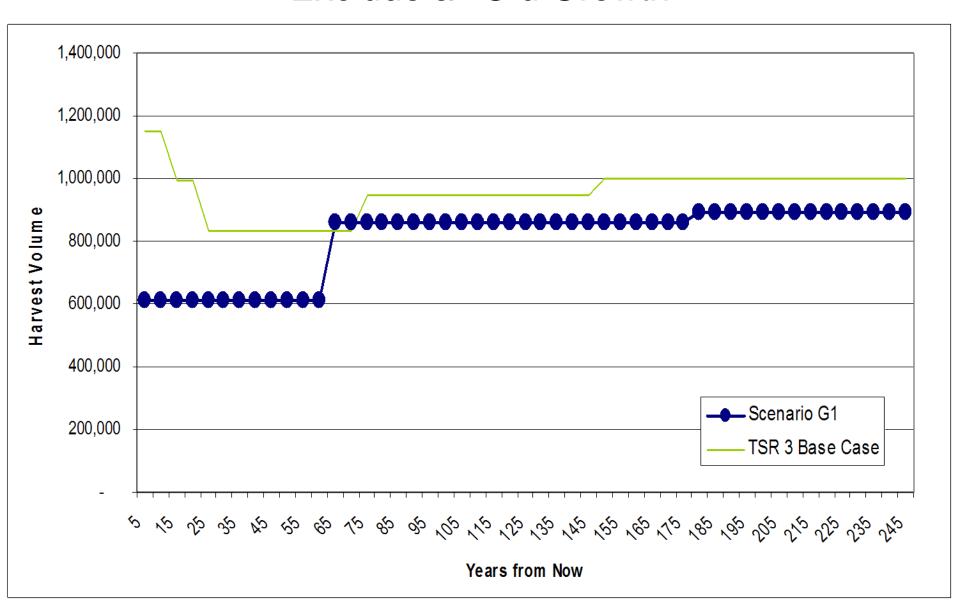


Strathcona TSA TSR3 - Base Case Harvest Forecast



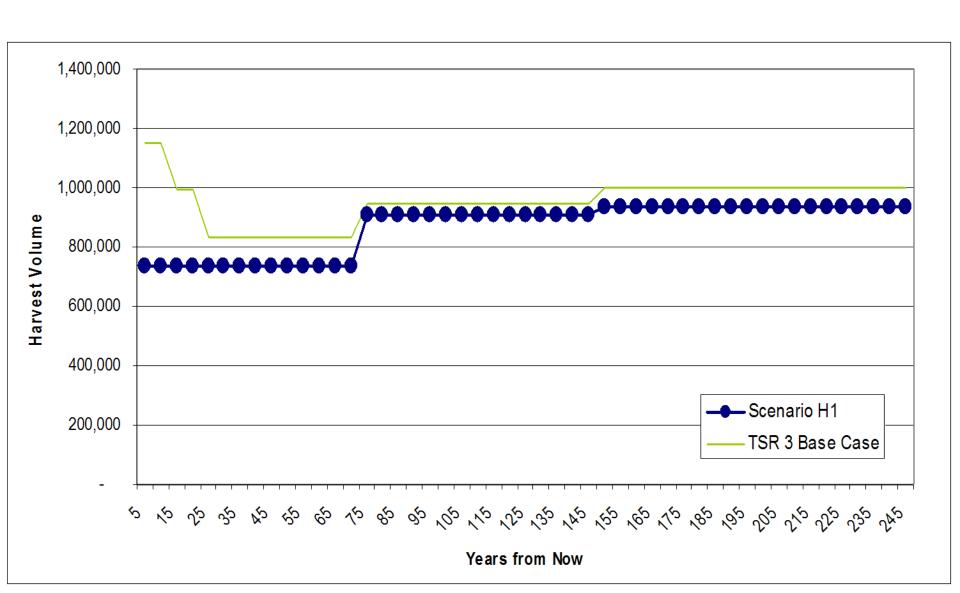
Strathcona TSR3 Base Case

Exclude all Old Growth

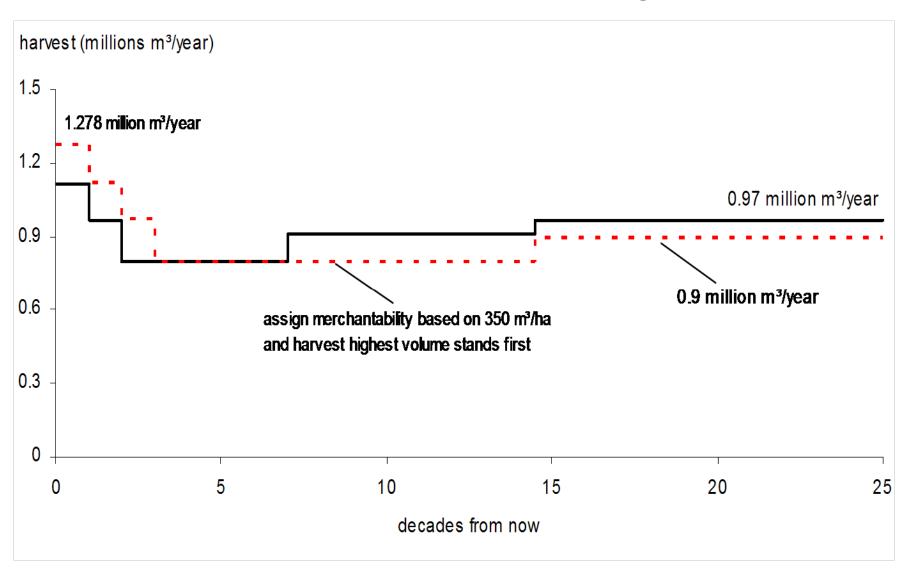


Strathcona TSR3 Base Case

Exclude Hemlock-leading Old Growth stands



What about reducing Minimum Harvest Ages?



Late Rotation Fertilization

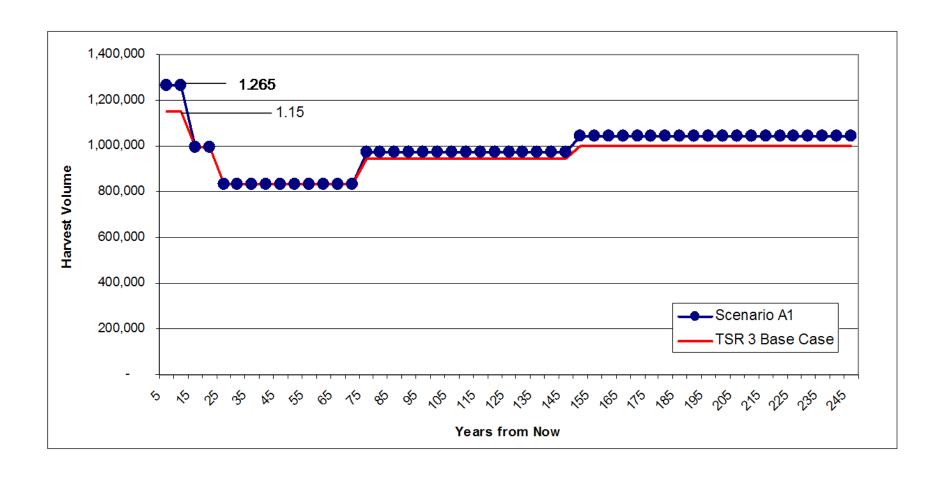
CFAP\$9 million over next 3 years

What could \$ 9 million buy?

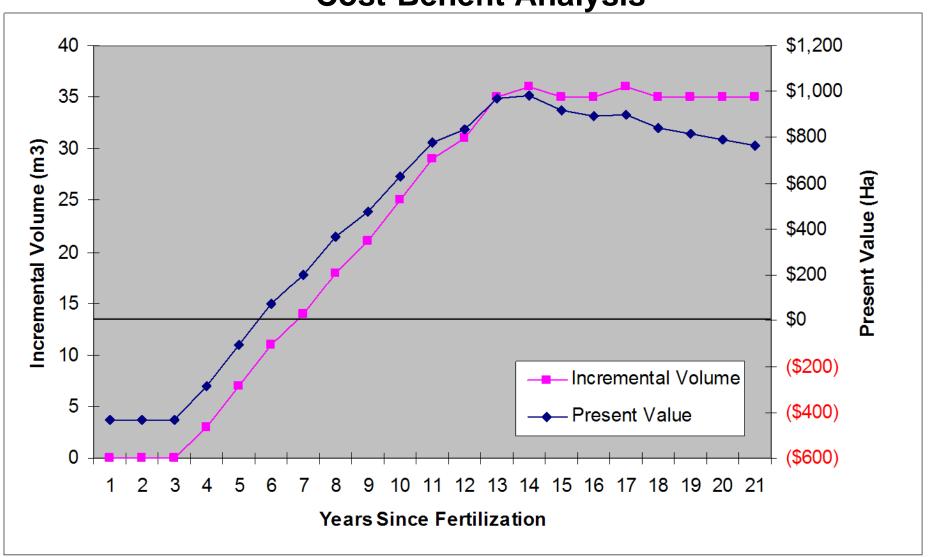
.....600,000 m³

Late Rotation Fertilization

- fertilize all stands at age 40



Fertilization in the Strathcona TSA Cost-Benefit Analysis



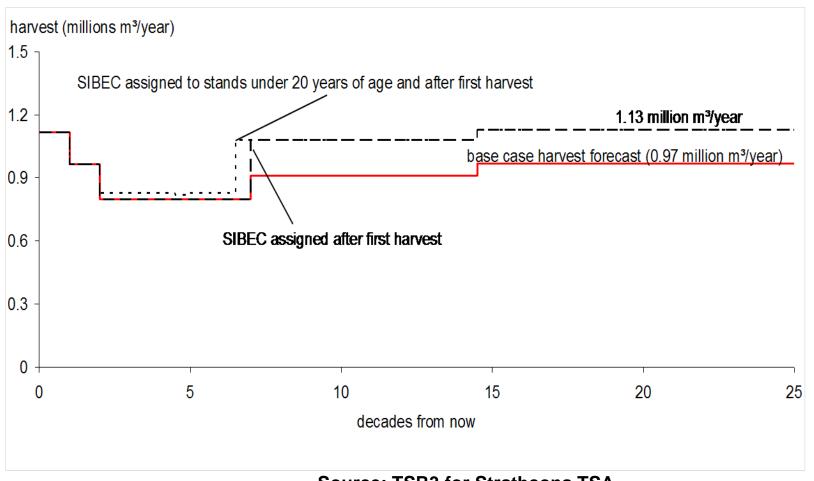
Tree Improvement

CFAP ... additional gains of 5-10%

Key Assumptions:

- 1. Aggressive breeding over next 10 yrsfocused on Fd, Cw, and Hw
- 2. All sites planted with best available seedincl. continued Hw planting program

Site Productivity Estimates



Phase 1 Summary:

- Fertilization: Need larger & more continued funding
- Tree improvement likely no short-term benefit
- Site Productivity likely no short-term benefit
- Harvest Ages More now, or more later, but not both
- Old Growth significant uncertainty re: hemlock

Strathcona FFES

Phase 2 Progress Report

What types of forests & trees should we grow in this TSA?

...considering:

- climate change
- value
- species diversity
- costs

The Strathcona Future Forest Strategy Team...

MFR Campbell River

The Symmetree Team

Ken Zielke and Bryce Bancroft

Cam Brown (Forsite)

Stephen Smyrl (Forsite)

Colleen Jones (Shamaya)

Campbell River Forest District

John Andres supported by CRFD Stewardship Section

Licensee steering committee

Other MFR contributors (Coast Forest Region, Branch)

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Two scenarios to "bookend" the range of modeled climate impacts...

- Hadley Centre for Climate Prediction UK (A1F1)
 - (Most Change / Worst Case Scenario)
 - Pessimistic view of future emissions —current trend into the future.
 - Predicts <u>hottest driest</u> summers.

- Atmospheric Research Program for Climate Modeling USA (PCM-B1)
 - (Least Change / Best Case Scenario)
 - Optimistic that emissions will be significantly reduced.
 - Predicts <u>moderate</u> summers.

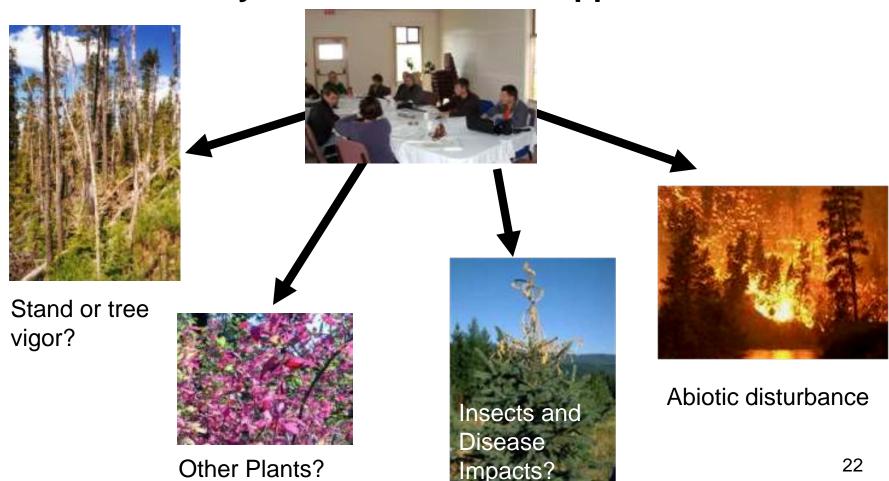
Modeling Climate Change with ClimateBC...

Used GIS tools used to:

- Express changes in future climates as changes in subzone-variant climates.
- Explored the reclustering of new climate variables guided by current data.
- Ecologist occasionally had to use judgment for boundary decisions.

Ecological Vulnerability Assessment

Specialist Discussions and Literature Reviews to ID key vulnerabilities and opportunities



Management Vulnerability / **Opportunity Assessment**

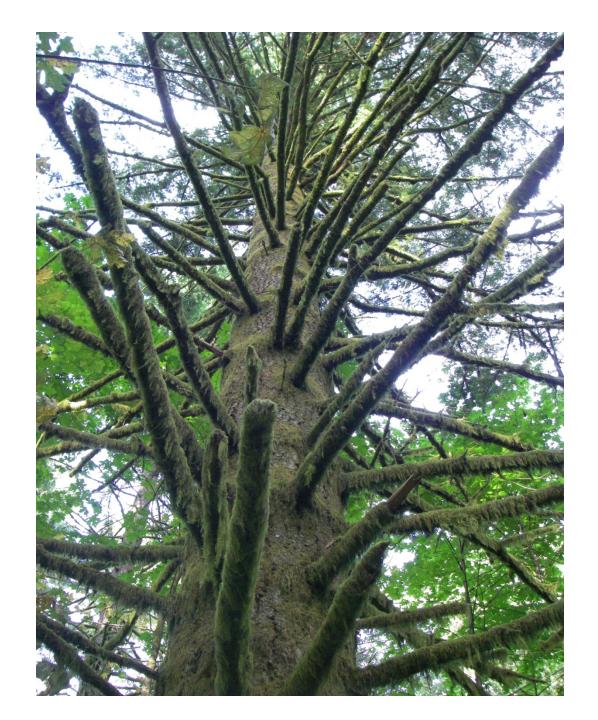
Specialist Discussions and Literature Reviews to ID



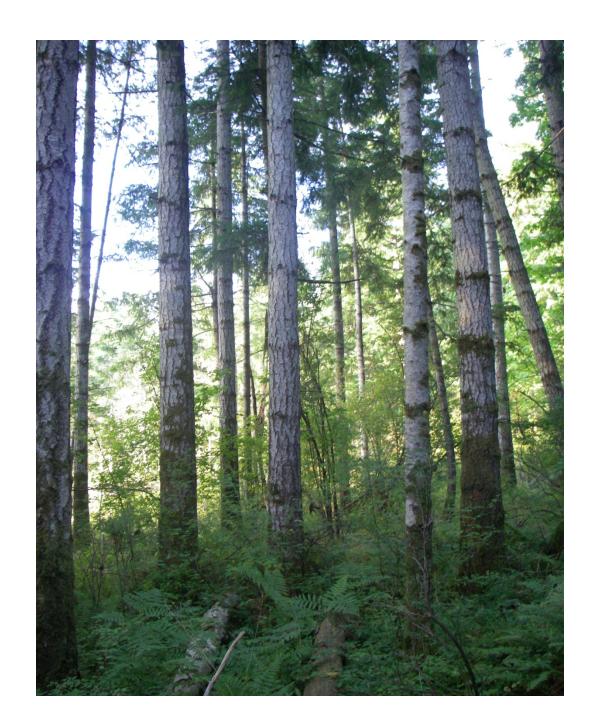


What about "Value"?

- How and where should we grow "value"?
- What are the markets looking for?
- Traditional modelling approaches based on assumption that
 - larger tree diameters = "value"



But bigger isn't always better....



... and smaller isn't always worse

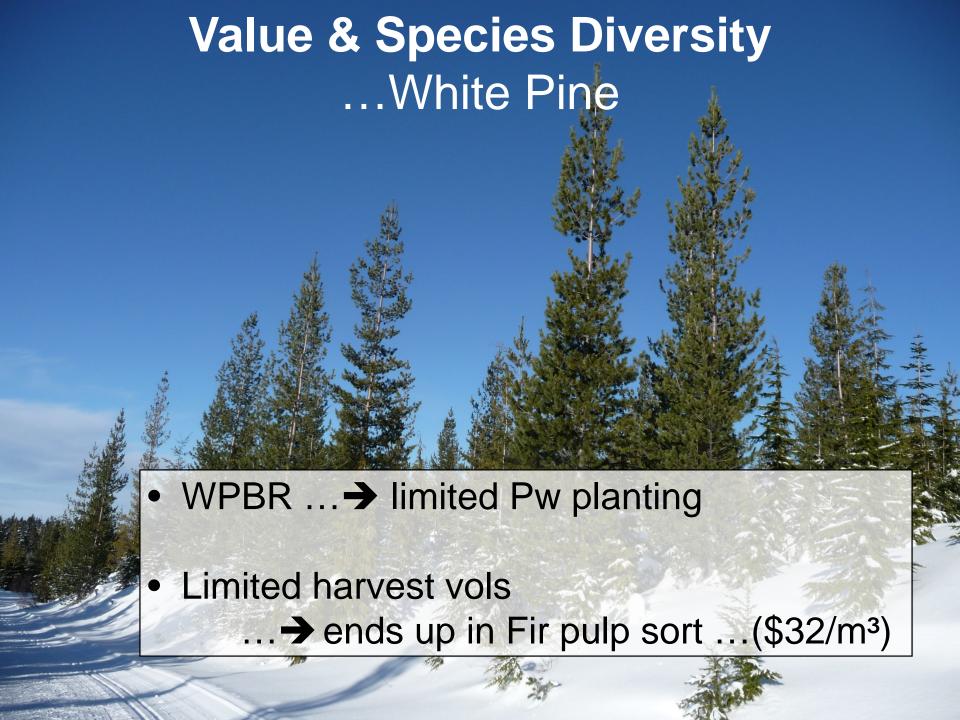
Value & Species Diversity

....Alder



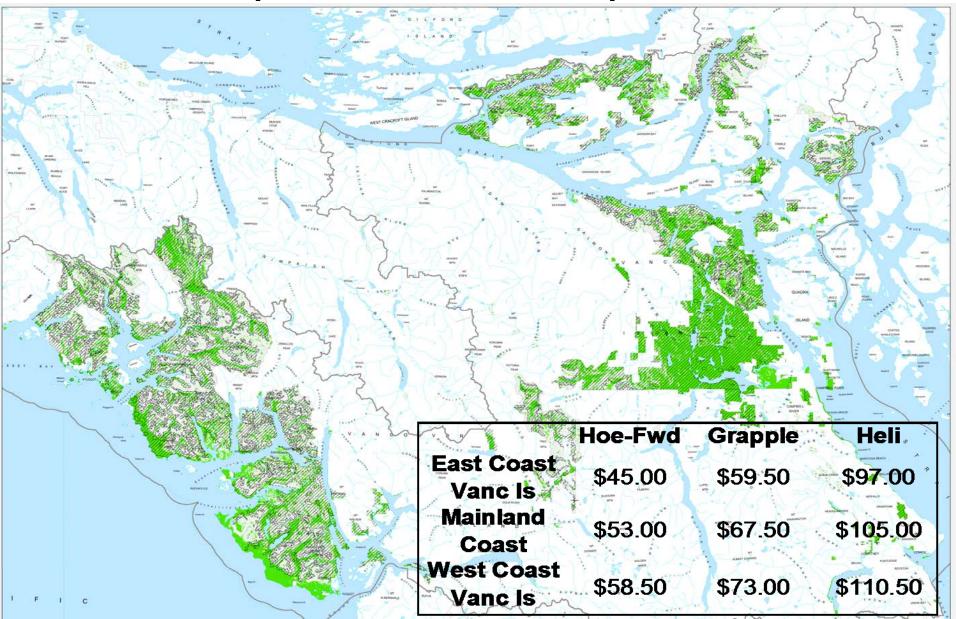
Intensive Extensive Mixed wood

- Interim target of 200ha/year for the Campbell River District.



What about Costs?

Slopes < 40%, Isolated Operations



Next Steps...

Phase 1 ...

- Hemlock operability/merchantability
- FPInnovations Hw markets & products
- Review fertilization programs

Phase 2 ...

- Climate Change
 - Ecological Vulnerability Workshop
 - Management Vulnerability/Opportunity Assessment
 - Adaptation strategies ... spp selection, seed zones, forest health
- Value/ Species Diversity White Pine
- Costs Where can we make money growing and logging trees?