Silviculture and Wildfire - Making the Link -

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The Fire Environment

Weather - Fire Weather Indices



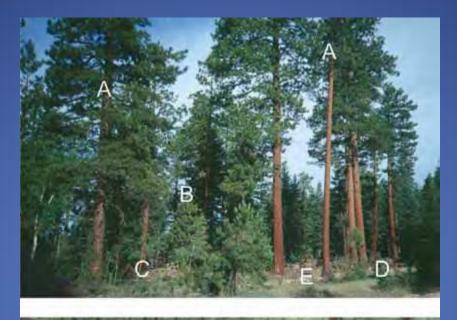
Topography

- Slope
- Aspect

Fuels*

Fuel Layers

Crown Fuels – A
Ladder Fuels – B,C
Surface Fuels – D,E
Ground Fuels - F





Russell T. Graham, Theresa B. Jain, Susan Matthews, 2010Fuel Management in Forests of the Inland West IN: Elliot, William J.; Miller, Ina Sue; Audin, Lisa. Eds. 2010. Cumulative watershed effects of fuel management in the western United States. Gen. Tech. Rep. RMRS-GTR-231. Fort Collins, CO: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Rocky Mountain Research Station. 299 p.

Principles of Fuel Reduction

aka Silviculture from a fire perspective



Silviculture/Fuels Management

Untreated



Rank 5/6



Silviculture

Treated



Rank 2/3



* fire behavior under the same weather and topographic conditions

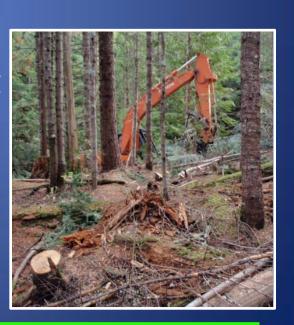
Reduce Surface Fuels

Effects

- Reduces potential flame length
- Fire control easier; less torching where torching is the initiation of crown fire
- Surface disturbance less with Rx fire than other techniques

Silvicultural Tools

- Broadcast (Rx) Burning but smoke/venting issues
- Piling/Burning (above issues)
- Biomass
- Mulching



Reduce Ladder Fuels

- Effects
- Requires longer flame length to begin torching
- Less torching
- Opens understory; may allow surface wind to increase

Silvicultural Tools

- Thinning
- Pruning



Decrease Crown Density

Effects

- Makes tree-to-tree crown fire less probable
- Reduces crown fire potential
- Surface wind may increase and surface fuels may be drier

Silvicultural Tools

- Thinning
- Stocking Standards



Keep Big Trees of Resistant Species

Effects

- Less mortality for same fire intensity
- Generally restores
 historic structure (NDT4)
- Less economical; may keep trees at risk of insect attack

Silvicultural Tools

- Thinning
- Species

Selection

including

Deciduous





Coastal Applications

Slash

- Slash fires are generally the problem fire on the coast



Issues

- Quantity

Slash Cont.

Issues

- Continuity
- Landscape perspective
- Duration of hazard





Variable Retention



Issues

- Slash too much too close to retention trees/patches
- Issues around windthrow contributing to fuel loading

Variable Retention Cont. Fire V80698

Issues

- At least 6 lightening caused fires in variable retention last year in North Island Central Coast Fire Zone

Wildland/Urban Interface

- A major challenge for much of the coast





Issues

- High Hazard/High Risk
- Perceptions around fuel treatment
- Smoke and Venting

Summary

- Keep in Mind Risk/Consequence in Addition to Legal Obligations
- Keep a Landscape and Local Perspective
- Lots of Silvicultural
 Tools to Work With
- Professional Reliance

